ROCKING CHAIR MOBILIZATION THERAPY FOR CRITICALLY ILL PATIENTS IN THE INTENSIVE CARE UNIT

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Introduction

- Critically ill patients are often disturbed in their cerebral function.
- Rocking Chair Mobilization Therapy have shown promising results for patients who suffered from dementia
- No studies have evaluated the value and the effect of Rocking Chair Mobilzation Therapy for critically ill patients in the Intensive Care Unit (ICU)

Objective

- To evaluate whether Rocking Chair Mobilization Therapy could be used in the ICU
- To explore the impact on patient consciousness, delirium, pain and comfort

Method

Patients ≥ 18 years, physically stable with the ability to be mobilized to chair

1 session of Rocking Chair Mobilization Therapy lasted 20 minutes

Before and after the session, registration of:

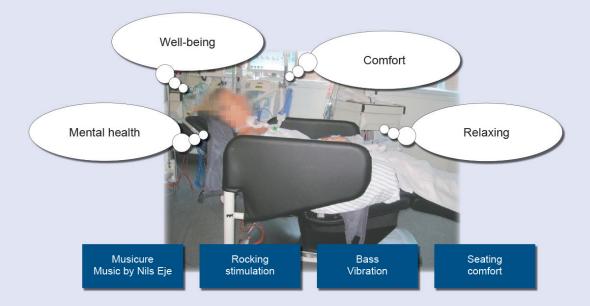
- Patient consciousness (Richmond Agitation and Sedation Scale (RASS))
- Delirium (CAM ICU)
- Pain ((numeric rating scale (NRS) or Critical-Care Observation Tool (CPOT))

After the session, registration of:

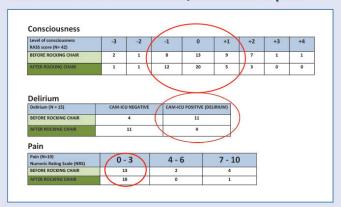
· Patient comfort assessed by the patient and the nurse

Participants

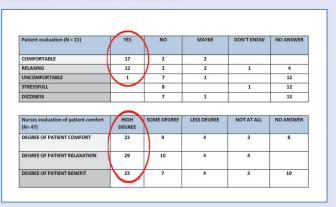
47 evaluations (patients), 24 males & 23 females, age 49 - 88 years old.



Results: consciousness, delirium & pain



Results: Patient comfort





Conclusion & implications

Rocking chair mobilization therapy

- · Can be used in the ICU without compromising patient safety
- Decrease agitation, increase consciousness and decrease pain and delirium
- Where perceived as comforting and relaxing for the critical ill patient by patients themselves and nurses
- Further research into the effect of rocking chair mobilization therapy in the ICU is needed





